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ABSTRACT

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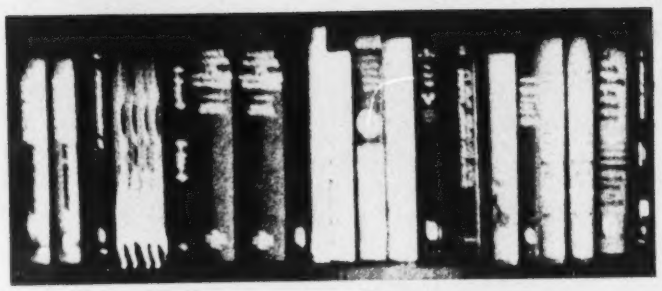

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Acquisitions List No. 37
June-July 1971

ED 054958

The Acquisitions List, issued every two months, is divided into two parts: the first contains a list of the books most recently acquired by the Library, each one annotated, and also marked with its Library call number, to aid libraries which use the Library's classification system. The second part consists of a list of annotated articles, classified according to the PPWP Coding System, which have been selected from the 150 scientific and professional journals the Library receives. The purpose of the Acquisitions List is to assist PPWP Affiliates and other organizations in easily arranging their informational materials, both book and non-book, in a systematic scheme so that the information contained therein can be gotten at handily when needed.

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Books must be ordered from publishers; addresses provided at end of book list.

SE 012 419

FERTILITY

2.2
D5
c
CONTROL OF HUMAN FERTILITY, Egon Diczfalusey and Ulf Borell, eds. (Proceedings of the Fifteenth Nobel Symposium held May 27-29, 1970 at Sodergarn, Lidingo, Sweden). N.Y.: John Wiley & Sons,Inc.,1971. 354 pp. $19.50

ABORTION

2.31
E3
e
EVERYWOMAN'S GUIDE TO ABORTION, Martin Ebon, ed. N.Y.:Universe Books, 1971. 256 pp. $6.50. Replaces fear and ignorance about abortion with clear, straightforward, basic, practical information.

2.31
G6
a
ABORTION; the Myths, the Realities, and the Arguments, Germain G. Grisez. Cleveland, Ohio: Corpus Books, 1970. 559 pp. $6.95.
The author feels that the unborn should have the freedom to make his own choice about life by being allowed to live long enough to make that choice.

FAMILY

3.
D5
s
SOCIAL CHANGE IN THE FAMILY, Jan Dizard. Chicago, Ill.: Community and Family Study Center,1968. 89 pp. The effects of social change on the marital status of 400 couples after fifteen years of marriage.

MEDICAL AND SOCIAL SERVICES

3.1
G4
g
THE GERBER REPORT; the shocking state of American medical care and what must be done about it. N.Y.:David McKay,Inc., 1971. 242 pp. $6.95. To overcome the deficiencies in our medical care the author recommends increased expenditure for medical training, national health insurance, stricter controls over the quality of medical care, group practice and full-scale attack on population growth.

3.1
N3.2
m
MEETING THE CRISIS IN HEALTH CARE SERVICES IN OUR COMMUNITIES, Harry Milt, ed. N.Y.:National Health Council, 1970. 249 pp.
Report of the National Health Forum held in Washington, D.C. Feb.1970.

CHILD AND MATERNAL CARE AND HEALTH

3.12
A1
H.E.W.
ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHY ON MATERNAL NUTRITION, U.S.Dept.of H.E.W.-Committee on Maternal Nutrition. Washington, D.C.:U.S.Govt.Printing Office,1970. 199 pp. $1.50 pap. Compiled for physicians, nutritionists and other persons concerned with applying the research findings reported in the literature on maternal nutrition.

ILLEGITIMACY

3.22
N3
i
ILLEGITIMACY; TODAY'S REALITIES,National Council on Illegitimacy. N.Y.: National Council on Illegitimacy,1971. 77 pp. $3.25. A compilation of papers, presented at the 1970 National Conference on Social Welfare, which stresses the continued need for compassion and service regarding illegitimacy and indicates progress in bringing a more equitable life experience to unwed parents and their children.

ETHNIC COMMUNITIES

3.31 A1 f 1970 THE NEGRO IN AMERICA; A BIBLIOGRAPHY, 2nd ed., revised and enlarged. Compiled by Mary L. Fisher. Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard Univ. Press, 1970. 351 pp. $4.95 pap.

SOCIOLOGY AND SOCIOLOGICAL RESEARCH

3.6 W6 d DELIVERY SYSTEMS FOR MODEL CITIES: NEW CONCEPTS IN SERVING THE URBAN COMMUNITY, Eddie N. Williams, ed. Chicago, Ill.: Univ. of Chicago Center for Policy Study and Center for Urban Studies, 1969. 111 pp. A collection of papers dealing with means of improving social welfare delivery systems, i.e. programs by which necessary services, - health care, welfare, education, legal aid, housing and employment opportunities -- are channeled to the people who need them.

FAMILY PLANNING RESEARCH

3.61 C3 i INCENTIVES AND COMPENSATION IN BIRTH PLANNING: MONOGRAPH "No. 11", Carolina Population Center-Edward Pohlman. Chapel Hill,N.C.: Univ. of N.C., Carolina Population Center,1971. 137 pp. $1.50. This two year study in India indicates the need for further research in the effectiveness of massive incentives on population control.

3.61 C3 f 1971 FINAL REPORT: INTERNATIONAL WORKSHOP ON COMMUNICATIONS IN FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMS-Teheran,Iran:June 1970. Robert R. Blake, ed. Chapel Hill, N.C.: Carolina Population Center, 1971. 178 pp.

3.61 W4 fr FROM NOW TO ZERO: FERTILITY, CONTRACEPTION AND ABORTION IN AMERICA, Leslie A. Westoff & Charles F. Westoff. Boston: Little,Brown & Co., 1968,1971. 358pp. $3.95 pap. Based on the numerous findings of the 1965 National Fertility Study by Norman B. Ryder and Chas. F. Westoff, this book was written for the general reading public interested in family planning, and for the college student as supplementary reading for any course touching on the subject of population for the family in contemporary America.

FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMS-General

3.82 A2 o 1970 INTERNATIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR POPULATION PROGRAMMES; Recipient and Donor Views. Development Centre Studies. Paris: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development,1970. 185 pp. $3.00 Proceedings of the second conference of the Development Centre of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development held in Paris, Nov. 1969.

3.82 A2 or POPULATION PROGRAMMES AND ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT, Theodore Ruprecht and Carl Wahren. Paris: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development,1970. 41pp.$2.75. Discusses current demographic situation in developing countries and the demographic impact of family planning in developing countries. Also includes list of agencies providing assistance in population/family planning, as well as current and proposed population/family planning research in under-developed countries.

FAMILY PLANNING PROGRAMS-By Country.

3.82 T3 c — TAIWAN FAMILY PLANNING READER; How a Program Works, George P. Cernada, ed. Taichung, Taiwan: The Chinese Center for International Training in Family Planning, 1970. 381 pp. $2.00. Selected papers that explain how Taiwan has been able to lower its annual growth rate from 30 to 22.7 per 1,000 in less than seven years.

POPULATION

5. P6 p — POPULATION, Roland Pressat. Baltimore, Md.: Penguin Books,Inc.,1971. 152 pp. $1.25 pap. An introduction to the problem of population and how it is effected by contraception, fertility, religion, history and economics and politics.

POPULATION-ENVIRONMENT

5.3 E5 p 1971 — THE POPULATION BOMB, Paul R. Ehrlich. N.Y.: Ballantine Books, Inc., 1971. 201 pp.95¢ pap. Revised and expanded edition.

5.3 N7 o — OUR WORLD IN PERIL;AN ENVIRONMENT REVIEW, Sheldon Novick and Dorothy Cottrell, eds. Greenwich,Conn.: Fawcett Pubs.Inc.,1967. 498 pp. $1.50 pap. A collection of articles which orginally appeared in ENVIRONMENT magazine, by writers who have brought the environmental crisis to public awareness.

POPULATION CURRICULUM MATERIALS

5.9 B3 p — PUPPETS AND POPULATION, Bil Baird. N.Y.:World Education. 95 pp. pap. Illustrates the way puppetry can be used effectively as an educational aid in literacy-family planning programs.

SEX EDUCATION

7.32 A1 s — SEX EDUCATION ON FILM; a Guide to Visual Aids and Programs, Laura J. Singer and Judith Buskin. N.Y.: Columbia Univ.,Teachers College Press, 1971. 170 pp. pap. Describes and evaluates recent films, filmstrips and slide sets on human physical and emotional development. Indicates suitability for various age groups, length, producer and distributor and purchase or rental price.

7.32 G6 s — THE SEX BOOK; a Modern Pictorial Encyclopedia, Martin Goldstein and Erwin J. Haeberle. N.Y.: Herder and Herder,Inc.,1971. Written for young people and their parents and offering basic information by means of text and photographs, about the range, scope, importance and beauty of human sexuality.

STATUS OF WOMEN

7.4 E7 o — THE OTHER HALF; Roads to Women's Equality. Cynthia F. Epstin and Wm.J. Goode, eds. Englewcod Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice-Hall,Inc., 1971. 207 pp. $5.95; $2.45 pap.A collection of essays which explore the social, psychological, biological and political issues involved in the fight for women's rights.

EDUCATION IN FAMILY PLANNING FOR SOCIAL WORKERS

8.13 K4 f — POPULATION DYNAMICS AND FAMILY PLANNING: A New Responsibility for Social Work Education, Katherine A. Kendall, ed. N.Y.:Council on Social Work Education,1971. 159 pp. Proceedings of an International Conference on Social Work Education, Population, and Family Planning held at East-West Center, Hawaii, March 1970.

PUBLISHERS' ADDRESSES

Ballantine Books, Inc. 101 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10003

Carolina Population Center 214 W. Cameron Avenue, Chapel Hill, N.Y. 27514

The Chinese Center for International Training in Family Planning Box 112, Taichung, Taiwan (or Population Council 245 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10017)

Columbia Univ. Teachers College Press, New York, N.Y. 10027

Community and Family Study Center 1411 E. 60th Street, Chicago, Ill. 60637

Corpus Publications 2231 West 110th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44102

Council on Social Work Education 345 E. 46th Street, New York, N.Y. 10017

Fawcett Publications, Inc., Fawcett Place, Greenwich, Conn. 06830

Harvard Univ. Press Kittridge Hall, 79 Garden Street, Cambridge, Mass. 02138

Herder and Herder, Inc. 232 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10016

Little, Brown & Co., 200 West Street Waltham, Mass. 02154

David McKay Co., Inc. 750 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10017

National Council on Illegitimacy 67 Irving Place, New York, N.Y. 10003

National Health Council, Inc. 1740 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10019

Organisation for Econ., Co-op. & Development Publications OECD 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20006

Penguin Books, Inc. 7110 Ambassador Road, Baltimore, Md. 21207

Prentice-Hall, Inc. Englewood Cliffs, N.J. 07632

Teachers College Press, Teachers College, Columbia Univ. New York, N.Y. 10027

U.S. Govt. Printing Office-Supt. of Documents-Wash., D.C., 20402

Universe Books 381 Park Avenue South, New York, N.Y. 10016

Univ. of Chicago Center for Policy Study 5801 Ellis Avenue, Chicago, Ill. 60637

John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 605 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10016

World Education 667 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10021

PART II

ARTICLES AND PAMPHLETS ADDED TO THE

K.D. MCCORMICK LIBRARY

JUNE-JULY 1971

ORALS-

158) 2.11.1 Side Effects
COMHAIRE, F., VANDEWEGHE, M. and VERMEULEN,A.
Vascular Incidents and Oral Contraceptives. Arterial Versus Venous Thromboembolism: A Statistical Study
Contraception, vol. 3, no. 5, May 1971, pp. 301-312

Venous incidents, with or without complicating lung embolism, happened almost exclusively during the first months of oral contraceptive use, whereas occurrence of arterial occlusions was independent or increased during the first year. The difference frequency distribution of arterial and venous thromboembolism points to a different pathophysiological mechanism. In our series, the risk for lung embolism seemed to be less in older women. Whereas in nulli- and unigravidae, venous incidents were much more frequent than arterial, the multigravidae presented more arterial incidents.

159) 2.11.12 Cancer
STERN, Elizabeth, CLARK, Virginia A. and COFFELT, Carl F.
Contraceptive Methods: Selective Factors in a Study of Dysplasia of the Cervix
American Journal Of Public Health vol. 61, no. 3, March 1971, pp. 553-558.

Higher prevalence of the cancer presursor, dysplasia of the cervix was found in women choosing the pill, in preference to the IUD or other contraceptive methods, prior to any possible effect of the contraceptive. This would argue for caution in making inferences on the effects of the pill unless prospective studies are done with careful measure of change from baseline data.

160) 2.11.13 Meta-bolic
CHAPEL, Thomas A. and VURNS, Robert E.
Oral Contraceptives and Exacerbation of Lupus Eryhematosus,
American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, vol. 110, no. 3, June 1, 1971 pp. 366-369

Although reports of LE patients showing exacerbation while taking oral contraceptives are uncommon, where contraception is indicated for women with LE, nonhormonal methods would seem preferable.

161) 2.11.13 Metabolic
GAL, Isabel, PARKINSON, C. and CRAFT, I.
Effects of Oral Contraceptives on Human Plasma Vitamin-A Levels
British Medical Journal, May 22, 1971, pp. 436-438.

Vitamin-A levels have been determined in healthy non-pregnant women and in women taking synthetic steroids to supress ovulation. A significant increase has been found in those receiving oral contraceptives. Further work is necessary to determine whether this may effect the fetus in patients who become pregnant shortly after discontinuing oral contraception.

162) 2.11.13 Metabolic
JOSHI, U.M. et al
Effect of Steroidal Contraceptives on Antibody Formation in the Human Female
Contraception, vol. 3, no. 5, May 1971, pp. 327-333.

The antibody response to tetanus toxoid was studied in female subjects receiving various forms of steroidal contraceptives as compared with that in control subjects using conventional contraceptives and an IUCD. It was observed that the immune response in groups using steroidal conraceptives was considerably lower than that of the control.

163) 2.11.13 Metabolic
SAUNDERS, D.M. et al
Effect of Daily Administration of 0.5 mg of Chlormadinone Acetate on Plasma Levels of Folicle-Stimulating Hormone, Luteinizing Hormone, and Progesterone During the Mentrual Cycle
Fertility and Sterility, vol. 22, no. 5, May 1971, pp. 332-344.

Nine women were studied in 1 control cycle and 1 cycle in which chlormadinone 0.5 mg. was administered daily. Plasma FSH and LH, plasma progesterone, and basal body temperature were followed. Eight of the nine women ovulated in the control cycles and three out of nine women ovulated in the chlormadinone cycles. The mean LH and FSH peaks and the plasma progesterone level in the chlormadinone cycles were found to be suppressed.

164) 2.11.14 Amenorrhea
SHAPIRO, S.R., LIPPARD, W.K., and SCOTT, W.R.
Prolonged Amenorrhea After Use of Oral Contraceptives.
New York State Journal of Medicine, vol. 71, no. 10, May 15, 1971, pp. 1071-1075.

The possibility of prolonged amenorrhea after withdrawal of oral contraceptives has become increasingly apparent. Patients with previous histories of anovulatory cycles stand a greater risk of this complication and oral contraceptives should not be used to treat oligoamenorrhea.

I.U.D.'s

165) 2.12 BERNARD, R.P.
Factors Governing IUD Performance
American Journal of Public Health, vol. 61, no. 3, March 1971, pp. 559-567.

The use of the intrauterine device has let to a recognition of the need to bring some order into the field of IUD evaluation, and to consider the elements involved so as to make this method of contraception acceptable, safer, and more effective.

166) 2.12.1 Side-Effects HOLUB, William R., REYNER, Franklin C., and FORMAN, Giles H.
Increased Levels of Serum Immunoglobulins G. and M. in Women Using Intrauterine Contraceptive Devices
American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, vol. 110, no. 3, June 1, 1971 pp. 362-365

From the evidence presented in this paper and from other work in this area, it appears that the mechanism of IUD function could be immunologically dependent.

ORALS-

167) Evaluation 2.14 LIPPES, Jack and FELDMAN, Joseph G.
A Five Year Comparison of the Continuation Rates Between Women Using Loop D and Oral Contraceptives
Contraception, vol. 3, no. 5, May 1971 pp. 313-325

Data gathered from the Buffalo Planned Parenthood Center for the years 1962-1968, on the use of the pill by 2000 women and the use of the Loop D by 1400 women, permitted a five-year comparison of continuation rates between the groups of women. Continuation rates were significantly higher among loop users 25 years of age or older or with a parity of three or greater. Women 15-19 years of age and women with a parity of one or less experience higher continuation rates with the pill than with the loop.

INFERTILITY

(168) 2.2 ANSBACHER, R., MANARANG-PAGAN, S., and SRIVANNABOON, S.
Sperm Antibodies in Infertile Couples
Fertility and Sterility, vol. 22, no. 5, May 1971, pp. 298-302.

Results indicate that the occurrence of sperm-agglutinating or sperm-immobilizing antibodies in infertile couples is not as high as was reported.

ABORTION

(169) 2.3 BEAZLEY, John M. and HAERI, Anthony D.
Termination of Pregnancy Refused
The Lancet, no. 7708, May 22, 1971, pp. 1059-1061.

This follow-up study of the medical welfare of women denied pregnancy termination shows an apparent lack of any follow-up care.

(170) 2.3 CONTIS, George, and HERN, Warren M.
United States Government Policy on Abortion
American Journal of Public Health, vol. 61, no. 5, May 1971, pp. 1038-1041

(171) 2.3 MARGOLIS, Alan J. et al
Therapeutic Abortion Follow-Up Study
American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, vol. 110, no. 2, May 15, 1971 pp. 243-249.

A heterogeneous group of pregnant women petitioned for abortion because of possible impairment of mental and/or physical health; 43 of 50 were followed for 3-6 months. Ambivalence and guilt appeared more substantially in young women under 18 years of age. It was concluded that pre-abortion counseling should outline the necessary steps for Committee consideration, give reassurance as to physical safety, and help the patient understand her motives and goals. Postabortion follow-up should emphasize a clear contraceptive program.

(172) 2.3 MULLER, Charlotte
Socioeconomic Outcomes of Restricted Access to Abortion
American Journal of Public Health, vol. 61, no. 6, June 1971, pp. 1110-1118.

(173) 2.3 OTTOSSON, Jan-Otto
Legal Abortion in Sweden: Thirty Years' Experience
Journal of Biosocial Science, vol. 3, no. 2, April 1971, pp. 173-192.

Since 1939 Sweden has had legislation regulating the legal termination of pregnancy, and up to now more than 100,000 such operations have been performed in accordance with this legislation. Official statistics and investigation by individual researchers have provided a large amount of material, which implies a pragmatic approach to the difficult and many sided problem of abortion, and which makes empirical evaluations of different aspects possible.

(174) 2.33 Methods GOLDSMITH, Sadja, and MARGOLIS, Alan J.
Aspiration Abortion without Cervical Dilation
American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, vol. 110, no. 4, June 15, 1971. pp. 580-582.

Aspiration abortions of 67 conscious patients with pregnancies of 10 weeks duration or less were performed successfully without cervical dilation and with minimal risk of perforation, with the use of a 6mm diameter flexible plastic cannula. Four other women required slight dilation of the cervix to complete the abortion.

(175) 2.33 Methods
PENFIELD, A. Jefferson
Abortion under Paracervical Block
New York State Journal of Medicine, June 1, 1971, pp. 1185-1189.

The author performed more than 600 first-trimester abortions by dilatation and suction and instrumental curettage under paracervical block as an outpatient procedure. Premedication, systemic narcotics, intravenous fluids and oytocic agents were found unnecessary.

(176) 2.33 Methods
SOOD, S.V.
Termination of Pregnancy by the Intrauterine Insertion of Utus Paste
British Medical Journal, no. 5757, May 3, 1971, pp. 315-317.

Utus paste was used to induce abortion in 83 women. It was successful in all but two. Pain was a prominent symptom in many cases. Complications included three case of septicaemia and one of perforation of the uterus leading to death. This experience shows the complications of abortion induced by Utus paste to be too serious to justify its further use.

STERILIZATION

(177) 2.4
PETERSON, E.P. and BEHRMAN, S.J.
Laparoscopic Tubal Sterilization
American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, vol. 110, no. 1, May 1, 1971, pp. 24-31.

To date, laparoscopic tubal sterilization has been an effective procedure with its major advantages being shortened hospital stay and postoperative recovery.

(178) 2.4
ZIEGLER, Frederick J.
Male Sterilization
Sexual Behavior, vol. 1, no. 4, July 1971, pp. 71-73.

Men who have had vasectomy generally report satisfaction with it as a contraceptive method.

RESEARCH

(179) 2.61 Sex-Determination
CERVENKA, J., GORLIN, R.J. and BENDEL, R.P.
Prenatal Sex Determination
Obstetrics and Gynecology, vol. 37, no. 6, June 1971, pp. 912-915.

A new method of prenatal sex determination based on identification of "Y body" or the male sex chromosome, is introduced. Its simplicity and speed offers an advantage over the Barr body examination.

(180) 2.6 EDWARDS, R.G. and SHARPE, D.J.
Social Values and Research in Human Embryology,
Nature, vol, 231, May 14, 1971, pp. 87-91.

New techniques for interfering with the early stages of human development raise difficult social and legal issues, which are discussed here by an embryologist and a lawyer.

LEGISLATION

2.7 LEE, Luke T.
Law and Family Planning
Studies in Family Planning, vol. 2, no. 4, April 1971, pp. 81-98.
(AVAILABLE ONLY FROM: Population Council, 245 Park Ave., NYC. 10017)

(181) Legal Status 2.71 POND, M. Allen
Politics of Social Change: Abortion Reform. The Role of Health Professionals in the Legislative Process
American Journal of Public Health, vol. 61, no. 5, May 1971, pp. 904-909

(182) 2.71 Minors Medical World News
Teen-Age Patients, their Legal Rights and Yours.
Medical World News, vol. 12, no. 19, May 14, 1971. 7pgs.

Discusses the rights of a minor to obtain medical care, and the rights and restrictions of physicians when treating the under-age patient.

BATTERED CHILDREN

(183) 3.25 FELDER, S.
A Lawyers View of Child Abuse
Public Welfare, vol. 29, no. 2, Spring 1971 pp. 181-188.

To protect children who are mistreated by their parents is a difficult task. It is only when these children are brought to the attention of neighbors, teachers, policemen, doctors and lawyers who can and will become their advocates, that they can be saved from irreparable physical and emotional damage.

(184) 3.25 ZALBA, Serapio R.
Battered Children
Trans-Action, vol. 8, no. 9-10, July-August 1971, pp. 58-61.

Protective services in the community are called for if professionals and nonprofessionals alike are to better report suspected cases of child abuse.

UNWANTED CHILDREN

(185) 3.26 BECK, Mildred B.
Abortion: The Mental Health Consequences of Unwantedness
Seminars in Psychiatry, vol. 2, August 1970, pp. 263-274.

The consequences of abortion for the physical and mental well-being of the mother, the child, key family members and the community require investigation if judicious action is to accompany changining abortion statutes and practices. The literature to date, expecially in the U.S. abounds in conjecture.
From the standpoint of an infant, there appears to be no positive relationship between a woman's biologic capacity to conceive and her ability to meet his physical and psychological needs. Hence, it is important to learn much more than we now understand about the life events that confront infants who are the products of enforced pregnancies. Important, too, is the significance to the mother and her family if she is compelled to bear an unwanted child.

BLACK COMMUNITY

(186) 3.31.1 FARLEY, Reynolds and HERMALIN, Albert I.
Family Stability: A Comparison of Trends Between Blacks and Whites
American Sociological Review, vol. 36, no. 1 February 1971, pp. 1-17.

This study concludes that 1) the majority of both blacks and whites are in the statuses indicative of family stability. Contrary to the images which are sometimes portrayed, most black families are husband-wife families, and the majority of black children live with both parents.) 2) In every comparison, the proportion of people in the status indicative of family stability is greater among whites than among blacks and 3) In recent years, there have been changes in family status, most of them small.

3.31.1 WILLIE, Charles V.
Perspectives from the Black Community
PRB Selection no. 37, June 1971, 12pp. (AVAILABLE ONLY FROM Population Reference Bureau, 1755 Masson Avenue, N.W. Wash., D.C. 20036)

A Position paper presented to the President's Commission on Population Growth and the American Future.

KAP

(187) 3.61 FELDMAN, Joseph G. et al
Patterns and Purposes of Oral Contraceptive Use by Economic Status
American Journal of Public Health, vol. 61, no. 6, June 1971, pp. 1089-1095.

(188) 3.61 HASTINGS, Donald W.
Child-Spacing Differentials for White and Non-white Couples according to Educational Level of Attainment for the 1/1000 Sample of the United States Population in 1960
Population Studies, vol. 26, no. 1, March 1971 pp. 105-116.

Data showed that the factors of mother's age, duration of marriage, and parity operate as biological and temporal limitations upon subsequent fertility and child-spacing performance. These date indirectly domonstrate that the couples' level of educational attainment discriminate child-spacing differentials between whites and non-whites, thus giving added support to the findings of Whelpton, Campbell, and Patterson.

FAMILY STRUCTURE

3.62 CAIN, Glen G. and WEININGER, Adriana
Economic Determinants of Fertility, Results from Cross-Sectional Aggregate Data
Institute for Research on Poverty, discussion papers, U. of Wisconsin, Madison Wisconsin, December 1970, 31 pp.
(AVAILABLE ONLY FROM THE AUTHORS OR THE U. OF WISCONSIN)

(189) 3.62 CUTRIGHT, PHILLIPS
Income and Family Events: Family Income, Family Size and Consumption
Journal of Marriage and the Family, vol. 33, no. 1, February 1971, pp. 161-173

This paper considers the structure of family income and then examines some factors affecting family size.

3.62 ROSZRIO, Florangel Z.
Husband-Wife Interaction and Family Planning Acceptance: A Survey of the Literature
East-West Center, Population Institute, working paper no. 3, Nov. 1970, 21 pp
(AVAILABLE ONLY FROM: East West Center, Honolulu, Hawii, 96822)

COMMUNICATION

3.72.1 SCHRAMM, Wilbur
Communication in Family Planning
Reports on Population/Family Planning, no. 7, April 1971, 43 pp.
(AVAILABLE ONLY FROM: Population Council, 245 Park Ave., NYC., 10017)

SETTINGS

(190) 3.73.1 BATTS, JAMES A.
Hospital-based Family Planning Program

American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, vol. 110. no. 1, May 1, 1971, pp. 49-53.

A comprehensive picture of the extent to which family planning services were actually being offered and accepted in a hospital setting.

EVALUATION

3.93 KEYFITZ, Nathan
How Birth Control Effects Births
East-West Center, Population Institute, working paper no. 4, Nov., 19
(AVAILABLE ONLY FROM: East-West Center, Honolulu, Hawii, 96822)

(191) 3.93 KLEIN, Susan F.
Toward a Framework for Evaluating Health Education Activities of a Family Planning Program
American Journal of Public Health, vol., 61, no. 6, June 1971, pp. 1096-1109

GROWTH RATES

5.11 CROUCH, Robert L.
Neoclassical Growth Models and the Optimum Rate of Population Growth
East-West Center, Population Institute, working paper no. 5, Nov. 1970, 67 pp.
(AVAILABLE ONLY FROM: East-West Center, Honolulu, Hawii 96822)

POP GROWTH AND ECONOMIC CONSEQUENCES

(192) 5.42 DALY, Herman E.
A Marxian-Malthusian View of Poverty and Development
Population Studies, vol. 25, no. 1 March 1971, pp. 25-38.

Offers the possiblity of improving the information base of economic and demographic policy, and could perhaps be a step toward uniting Left and Right in the development effort.

5.42 MILLER, Herman P.
Population, Polluton and Affluence
PRB Selection no. 36, March 1971, 8pgs.
(AVAILABLE ONLY FROM: Population Reference Bureau, 1755 Mass Ave., N.W., Wash., D.C. 20036)

The detrimental impact of increasing affluence on the environment deserves more attention, at least in the period until the end of the century. Neverthless, these are many reasons why a reduction in population growth would be beneficial, and no reason to suppose that sustained growth at past rates would be desirable.

POPULATION CONTROL

(193) 5.61 KEYFITZ, Nathan
Migration as a Means of Population Control
Population Studies, vol. 26, no. 1, March 1971, pp. 63-72.

That it makes a difference to ultimate population whether out-migrants are of fertile ages or not is well known. This paper developes expressions for the effect on ultimate population of given numbers of out-or in-migrants, expressed as a function of their age. The age effect is appreciable, but is not sufficient to encourage a policy of moving people. Neither internal movement within a country nor movement to foreign countries is a substitute for contraception as a means of population control.

SEXUAL BEHAVIOR

194) 7.31.1 Adults JAMES, William H.
The Distribution of Coitus Within the Human Intermenstruum
Journal of Biosocial Science, vol. 3, no. 2, April 1971, pp. 159-171

Daily records are the only acceptable basis for determining human coital rates. A re-analysis of such data presented by earlier writers and a study of new data suggest that within the intermenstruum the rate of coitus is highest immediately after menstruation ceases, declines thereafter and is lowest just before menstuation recurs.

TEENAGERS

(195) 7.31.22 Preg-nancies CRAWSHAW, Ralph
The Psychology of the Unwed Mother
Medical Aspects of Human Sexulaity, June 1971, pp. 176+(4pgs)

The feelings of the teenage unmarried mother are fairly predictable through the various stages of the experience.

COLLEGE STUDENTS

(196) 7.31.31 Birth Control Coun-seling SARREL, Philip M. and COPLIN, Haskell R.
A Course in Human Sexuality for the College Student
American Journal of Public Health, vol. 61, no. 5, May 1971, pp. 1030-1037.

SEX EDUCATION

(197) 7.32 LIBBY, Roger W.
Parental Attitudes Toward Content in High School Sex Education Program: Liberalism-Traditionalism and Demographic Correlates
The Family Coordinator, vol. 20, no. 2. April 1971, pp. 127-136.

For sex education to be a relevant experience professionals will need to understand parental attitudes toward sex education, and in turn nurture parental understanding of the goals, content and methods of school programs.

PROFESSIONAL
EDUCATION

(198) 8.12 GOLDMANN, Alice
Nurses Learning Abortion Care
Nursing Outlook, vol. 19, no. 5, April 1971 pp. 350-352.

Working with women who elect to have an abortion poses difficulties for the nurse-- professionally aand psychologically. One student describes the patients' and her own needs.

8.12 MALO-JUVERA, Dolores
Nurses Preparing Students for Abortion Care
Nursing Outlook, vol. 19, no. 5, May 1971, pp. 347-349.

As abortion becomes accepted proactice in our society nurses must learn to care for these new patients, and teachers must prepare the nurses.

NOTE - CORRECTION: in Acquisitions List No. 36, article #145 was incorrectly listed as having code no. 3.73.1. It should be 3.72.1.

AQUISITIONS LIST NO. 37
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_____173. Ottosson, pp. 173-192.

_____174. Goldsmith, pp. 580-582.

_____175. Penfield, pp. 1185-1189.

_____176. Sood, pp. 315-317.

_____177. Peterson, pp. 24-31.

_____178. Ziegler, pp. 71-73.

_____179. Cervenka, pp. 912-915.

_____180. Edwards, pp. 87-91.

_____181. Pond, pp. 904-909.

_____182. Medical World News, 7pgs.

_____183. Felder, pp. 181-188.

_____184. Zalba, pp. 58-61.

_____185. Beck, pp. 263-274.

_____186. Farley, pp. 1-17.

_____187. Feldman, pp. 1089-1095.

_____188. Hastings, pp. 105-116.

_____189. Cutright, pp. 161-173.

_____190. Batts, pp. 49-53.

_____191. Klein, pp. 1096-1109.

_____192. Daly, pp. 25-38.

_____193. Keyfitz, pp. 63-72.

_____194. James, pp. 159-171.

_____195. Crawshaw, pp. 176+4pgs.

_____196. Sarrel, pp. 1030-1037.

_____197. Libby, pp. 127-136.

_____198. Goldman, pp. 350-352.

_____199. Malo-Juvera, pp. 347-349.